

MAQBOOL TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED

28th Annual Report

&

Financial Statements (Audited)

For the year ended June 30, 2017



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MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of Maqbool Textile Mills Limited is to contribute positively to the Socio-Economic growth of Pakistan through business and industrial pursuits endeavoring to achieve excellence in all spheres of such activity with effective and efficient management.

VISION STATEMENT

Maqbool Textile Mills Limited become a truly Professional Organization, achieve higher quality standards, utilize maximum capacity, capture expansion opportunities and become a least cost operator amongst its competitors.

We will strive to continue as a successful Company, make profit and thus create value for our shareholders without high risk to them, our Customers or employees.

QUALITY AND ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

Our aim is to achieve the leadership of textile and spinning industry through quality products according to customer satisfaction. We thrive to achieve the above through the following measures:

- 1) Acquisition of quality raw material.
- 2) Manufacturing of high quality yarn as per customer satisfaction.
- 3) Continuous training and guidance to employees regarding quality and environment.
- 4) Continuous improvement, close watch and control in production process and environment.
- 5) Follow up of the system, regarding international quality and environmental laws.
- 6) Control of pollution discharge from industrial process.



COMPANY PROFILE

BOARD OF DIRECTORS Mian Tanvir Ahmad Sheikh - Chairman

Mian Anis Ahmad Sheikh
- Chief Executive Officer
Mian Idrees Ahmad Sheikh
- Non-Executive Director
Mian Aziz Ahmad Sheikh
- Non-Executive Director
- Non-Executive Director
- Executive Director
- Independent Director

- Chairman

- Chairman

Syed Raza Abbas Jaffari - (Rep. NIT)

AUDIT COMMITTEE Mian Idrees Ahmad Sheikh

Mian Aziz Ahmad Sheikh - Member Maj. (R) Javed Mussarat - Member

HR & REMUNERATION Mian Aziz Ahmad Sheikh

COMMITTEE Mian Idrees Ahmad Sheikh - Member
Mian Atta Shafi Tanvir Sheikh - Member

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER &

COMPANY SECRETARY M. Ehsanullah Khan

AUDITORS M/s. Deloitte Yousuf Adil

Chartered Accountants,

Abdali Tower,

Abdali Road, Multan.

LEGAL ADVISOR Sheikh Muhammad Ashfaq Nadeem - Advocate

Muhammad Arcade, Khanewal Road, Multan.

BANKERS Habib Bank Limited

Bank Al-Habib Limited

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

United Bank Limited Faysal Bank Limited The Bank of Punjab

Bank Alfalah Limited (Islamic Banking)

Meezan Bank Limited

National Bank of Pakistan (Islamic Banking)

REGISTERED / HEAD OFFICE 2-Industrial Estate, Multan.

MILLS (Unit I-II & Ginning Unit) M.M. Road, Chowk Sarwar Shaheed,

Distt. Muzaffargarh.

MILLS (Unit III) Rajana Road, Pirmahal,

Distt. Toba Tek singh.

SHARES REGISTRARS M/s Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Ltd.

H.M House, 7-Bank Square, Lahore.



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 28th Annual General Meeting of the members of the Maqbool Textile Mills Limited will be held on Saturday October 28, 2017 at 12:00 p.m. at its Head office, 2-Industrial Estate, Multan, Pakistan to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To read and confirm the minutes of the 27^{th} Annual General Meeting of the Company held on October 31, 2016.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company together with the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon for the year ended June 30, 2017.
- 3. To appoint auditors of the Company for the year 2017-18, who will hold office from the conclusion of this meeting until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company and to fix their remuneration.
- 4. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

BY THE ORDER OF THE BOARD

Sd/(M. Ehsanullah Khan)
COMPANY SECRETARY

Multan, October 04, 2017

NOTES:

- 1. The Shares Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 21-10-2017 to 28-10-2017 (both days inclusive).
- 2. Shares transfer received at the Company's Shares Registrar's Office, M/s Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Limited, H.M. House, 7-Bank Square, Lahore by the close of business on October 20, 2017 will be treated in time.
- 3. A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting is entitled to appoint any other member as a proxy to attend, speak and vote instead of him/her. A proxy must be a member. Proxy Forms duly stamped with Rs.5/- revenue stamp, signed and witnessed by two persons, in order to be valid must be received at the Registered Office of the Company not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- 4. Any individual beneficial owners of CDC, entitled to attend and vote at this meeting must bring his/her CNIC or passport to prove his/her identity and in case of proxy must enclose an attested copy of his/ her CNIC or passport. In case of corporate members, the Boards' resolution or power of attorney with specimen signatures of the nominee shall require to be produced at the time of meeting.
- 5. For the convenience of Members, a Standard Request Form with appropriate details has been posted on the Company's website.

 Those Members who opt to receive the annual audited financial statements through CD/DVD/USB instead in the form of hard copies may apply to the Company Secretary at his postal or email address ehsan@maqboolgroup.com
- 6. Members are requested to submit an attested photocopy of their valid Computerized National Identity Cards (CNICs) as per SECP's direction, if not provided earlier and also communicate to the Company immediately of any change in their addresses.
- 7. Members can also avail Video Conference facility in (name of cities where facility can be provided keeping in view geographical dispersal of members). In this regard please fill the following and submit to the registered address of the Company within ten (10) days before holding of general meeting:

I/We,		of				, bein	g a me	mber of N	1AQBOOL
TEXTILE	MILLS LIMITED, holder of _		_ ordinary	shares	as pe	er Register	Folio	No./CDC	A/C No.
	hereby opt for Video	conference Facility at		•					

Signature of Member

If the Company receives consent from members holding an aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing at a geographical location, to participate in the meeting through Video Conference at least 10 days prior to the date of meeting, the Company will arrange Video Conference facility in that city subject to availability of such facility in that city. The Company will intimate members regarding venue of the Video Conference facility at least five (05) days before the date of general meeting along with complete information necessary to enable them to access such facility.



DIRECTORS' REPORT

In the name of Allah the Most Beneficent and the Merciful

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors of the Company, I am pleased to present before you the 28th Annual Report on the affairs of your Company along with the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2017.

PERFORMANCE:

The performance of the Company has been satisfactory during the year under report despite the facts that Textile Sector faced competition from regional players including Bangladesh, India and Vietnam which not only hampered the International as well as the local market. Moreover, import of yarn from India has also affected the margins of local spinning industry. The rising cost of production especially cost of raw material, energy crisis, fuel and consistent increase in minimum wage rate has also affected the competitiveness of production lines of the Company. However, despite the above challenges your Company earned a pre-tax profit of **Rs. 63.296 Million** (2016: pre-tax loss Rs. 31.343 Million) which netted at **Rs. 26.247 Million** after provision for taxation (2016: after tax loss 60.367 Million).

Total production of yarn during the year under review for all three Spinning Units at 20's count basis was 19,173,218 Kgs as compared to 18,763,072 Kgs last year. Total sales for the year amounted to Rs.4,863,138,768/- as compared to Rs.4,280,589,829/- last year. The gross profit for the year was Rs.331,881,000/- as compared to Rs. 227,277,237/- last year.

The financial results for the year ended June 30, 2017 along with the comparative figures of the last year are summarized under the respective heads of Accounts below:

ACCOUNTS:	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Sales- net Cost of goods sold	4,863,138,768 (4,531,257,768)	4,280,589,829 (4,253,312,592)
Gross Profit	331,881,000	222,277,237
Other Income	19,246,943 351,127,943	7,562,161 234,839,398
Distribution and marketing expenses Administrative Expenses Finance Cost	(77,122,029) (107,482,067) (103,228,263)	(66,751,032) (103,668,429) (96,357,625)
Profit/Loss before Taxation Provision for Taxation	63,295,584	(31,343,240) (29,024,496)
Profit/Loss for the year	26,247,018	(60,367,736)
Earnings/ (Loss) per share- basic and dilut	ted 1.56	(3.59)



FUTURE OUTLOOK

The future outlook of the textile sector is expected to remain tough in the future as well. In this scenario, the whole industry is looking to the Government to support the textile industry of Pakistan and help it to become competitive globally. Good corporate Governance, marketing quality, production efficiency and financial discipline will remain top focus by the management but optimal results from the textile industry are not possible unless the Government addresses all confronted issues positively. Hence the future results depend upon the response of local and international markets along with business friendly policies of the Government for the textile sector.

The company faced with these multifaceted and mounting challenges and has planned to implement major cost cutting measures across the company and is aligning itself to tackle current market threats. Your company has planned a major expansion in capacity of production of spinning units especially for Unit 1. Your Company is also committed to maintain optimum quality, product diversification, exploring new markets and achieving higher production efficiencies. However, due to tough competition in the local well as in the international market margins are continuously under pressure.

OPERATIONS OF GINNING UNIT

During the year operations of Ginning Unit of the Company remained suspended due non competitive prices of raw material & poor quality of phutty in the surrounding areas.

EXPORTS

The Company made total exports of yarn valuing **Rs. 1,840,043,989 Million** during the year under report as compared to the Exports valuing **Rs. 1,541,853,206 Million** in the previous year. The Increase of 28.85 % in export sales during the year was due to availability of better yarn prices in the International market.

DIVIDEND

Keeping in view the current liquidity position due to losses in the previous year's your directors decided not to distribute any dividend for the year ended 30.06.2017.

ISO 9001:2008 QMS AND ISO 14001:2004 EMS CERTIFICATION:

The company has successfully maintained its ISO 9001:2008 certification for Quality Management System and the ISO 14001:2004 Certification for Environmental Management System.

COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Your Directors are pleased to report that the Company is complying with the requirements of CCG as introduced by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan 2012. The board is committed to maintain a high standard of good Corporate Governance.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES



The Board regularly reviews the Company's strategic direction. Annual plans and performance targets for business as are set by Chief Executive and reviewed in total by the Board in the light of Company's overall objectives. The Board is committed to maintain the high standards of good corporate governance.

The Company has been in compliance with the provisions set out by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and accordingly listing regulations of Stock Exchanges.

Following are the statements on Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework:

- 1. The financial statements, prepared by the management of Maqbool Textile Mills Ltd. present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- **2.** Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of these financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgments.
- 3. Proper books of accounts of Magbool Textile Mills Ltd. have been maintained.
- **4.** International accounting standards, as applied in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of these financial statements and departures there from have been adequately disclosed.
- 5. The Board has set-up an effective internal audit function that are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company and they are involved in the internal audit function on a full time basis.
- **6.** The system of internal controls is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- 7. There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- **8.** There has been no material departure from the best practices of the corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- **9.** There are no statutory payments on account of taxes, duties levies and charges which are outstanding as at 30 June, 2017, except for those disclosed in the financial statements.
- 10. Summary of key operating and financial data of the past six years is annexed.
- 11. Pattern of share holdings of the Company as at June 30, 2017 is annexed.
- **12.** No trades in shares of the Company were carried out by Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children during the year in the closed period.
- 13. The Board in compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance had established audit committee and Human Resource & Remuneration Committee comprising of three and four members respectively.



AUDIT COMMITTEE

Audit Committee was established by the Board to assist the Directors in discharging their responsibilities for Corporate Governance, Financial Reporting Framework and Corporate Control. The Committee consists of three persons. Majority of members including Chairman of the Committee are non-executive directors.

The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company and as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.

The Audit committee has reviewed the quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial statements, besides the internal audit plan, material audit findings and recommendation of internal auditor.

During the year, four (4) Audit Committee meetings were held and attendance was as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of Exec. Director	No. of meetings Attendance
1.	Mian Idrees Ahmad Sheikh - Chairman	4
2.	Mian Aziz Ahmad Sheikh Member	4
3.	Maj.(R) Javed Musarrat	4

In addition to above meetings, Audit Committee also met with external auditors without Chief Financial Officer and Head of Internal Audit.

NO OUTSTANDING STATUTORY DUES:

There are no outstanding statutory dues on account of taxes, levies and charges except of normal and routine nature.

BOARD MEETINGS:

During the year ended June 30, 2017 four (4) meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendance of each Director is given below:

Director's Name	Meeting Attended
Mian Tanvir Ahmad Sheikh	4
Mian Anis Ahmad Sheikh	4
Mian Idrees Ahmad Sheikh	4
Mian Aziz Ahmad Sheikh	4
Mian Atta Shafi Tanvir Sheikh	4
Maj (R) Javed Musarrat	4
Syed Raza Abbas Jaffery	2

AUDITORS

Your Company's present Auditors M/s Deloitte Yousuf Adil, Chartered Accountants, Karachi retire and being eligible offers themselves for re-appointment for the next year.



RELATIONS WITH LABOUR AND STAFF

Your Directors are happy to report that relations with labour and staff of the Company remained cordial throughout the year.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Your Directors acknowledge the best cooperation as usual enjoyed by your Company from its banks namely as

M/s Habib Bank Limited

M/s Bank AL Habib Limited

M/s United Bank Limited

M/s Faysal Bank Limited

M/s The Bank of Punjab

M/s Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

M/s Bank Al-Falah Limited

M/s Meezan Bank Limited

We wish to record their appreciation for the same and hope the Bankers will continue their support the Company in future as well.

The dedicated hard work of all employees of the Company is also acknowledged.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-MIAN TANVIR AHMAD SHEIKH CHAIRMAN

MULTAN

October 04, 2017



ڈائر یکٹران کی رپورٹ

شروع کرتا ہوں اللہ کے نام سے جو بڑا مہر بان اور نہایت رحم کرنے والا ہے۔

پیار نے مصص داران،

کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی طرف ہے، میں 30 جون، 2017 تک ختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے کمپنی کے آڈٹ کردہ مالی بیانات کے ساتھ ساتھ آپ کی کمپنی کے معاملات پر 28 ویں سالاندر پورٹ پیش کرر ماہوں۔

کارکردگی:

کمپنی کی کارکردگی اطمینان بخش رہی اس حقیقت کے باوجود کے ٹیکسٹائل سیکٹر کوعلاقائی کھلاڑیوں بشمول بنگلہ دلیش، بھارت اور ویت نام سے مسابقت کا سامنا تھاجس کی وجہ سے مقامی سپننگ صنعت کے مارجن کو بھی متاثر کیا ہے۔ پیداوار کی بڑھتی وجہ سے مقامی سپننگ صنعت کے مارجن کو بھی متاثر کیا ہے۔ پیداوار کی بڑھتی ہوئی لاگت خاص طور پرخام مال، توانائی کے بحران ، ایندھن اور کم از کم تخواہ کی شرح میں مسلسل اضافہ کی وجہ سے کمپنی کی پیداوار کی لائنوں کی مسابقت پر بھی اثر ڈالا ہے۔ تاہم ،مندرجہ بالا، چیلنجوں کے باوجود آپ کی کمپنی نے قبل از ٹیکس 63.296 ملین منافع حاصل کیا ہے۔ جبکہ بعداز ٹیکس منافع 26.247 ملین رہا۔

نتیوں سپنگ اکائیوں کی مجموعی پیداوار 19,173,218 کلوگرام رہی جبکہ گزشتہ سال 18,763,072 کلوگرام رہی تھی ۔ اس سال کل فروخت 18,763,072 ویتے ہے۔ 4,863,138,768روپے ہے۔ 4,863,138,768روپے ہے۔ 4,863,138,768روپے ہے۔ 4,280,589,829روپے تھا۔ جبکہ گزشتہ سال مجموعی منافع 227,277,237روپے تھا۔

اس سال 30 جون 2017 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے مالیاتی نتائج کے ساتھ گزشتہ سال کے مواز نداعدا دوشار درج ذیل ہیں۔

ACCOUNTS:

	2017	2016
	Rupees	Rupees
Sales- net	4,863,138,768	4,280,589,829
Cost of goods sold	(4,531,257,768)	(4,253,312,592)
Gross Profit	331,881,000	222,277,237
Other Income	19,246,943	7,562,161
	351,127,943	234,839,398
Distribution and marketing expenses	(77,122,029)	(66,751,032)
Administrative Expenses	(107,482,067)	(103,668,429)
Finance Cost	(103,228,263)	(96,357,625)
Profit/Loss before Taxation	63,295,584	(31,343,240)
Provision for Taxation	(37,048,566)	(29,024,496)
Profit/Loss for the year	26,247,018	(60,367,736)
Earnings/ (Loss) per share- basic and diluted	1.56	(3.59)



مستقبل كا نقطه نظر:

یہ پیش گوئی کی جارہی ہے کہ ٹیکسٹائل سیکٹر کامستقبل بھی مشکل رہے گے۔اس منظر میں ، پاکستان کی پوری ٹیکسٹائل انڈسٹری حکومت کی طرف دیکیورہی ہے کووہ اس کی عالمی سطح پر مسابقتی بننے میں مدد کرے۔ کمپنی کی مینجمنٹ کی اچھی کارپوریٹ گورنٹس، مارکیٹنگ کے معیار، پیداوار کی کارکردگی اور مالی نظم ونسق کی طرف سب سے زیادہ توجہ مرکوز رہے گی کیکن جب تک کہ ٹیکسٹائل انڈسٹری کے اچھے نتائج کے لئے حکومت کا تمام مسائل پر مثبت ردعمل نہ آئے۔ لہذا مستقبل کے نتائج ٹیکسٹائل سیکٹر کے لئے حکومت کے محاومت کے کاروباری دوستانہ پالیسیوں کے ساتھ ساتھ مقامی اور بین الاقوامی مارکیٹوں کے جواب پر مخصر ہے۔

کمپنی کوان بڑھتے ہوئے چیلنجوں کا سامنا کرنا پڑااور کمپنی اخراجات میں کی لانے کے لیے منصوبہ بندی کی ہےاور موجودہ بازار کے خطرات سے نمٹنے کے لئے خود کو تیار کیا ہے۔ آپ کی کمپنی بھی اعلی معیار ، مصنوعات کی متنوع کو برقر ارر کھنے ، نئے مار کیٹوں کو تلاش کرنے اور اعلی پیداوار کی صلاحیتوں کو حاصل کرنے کے لئے بھی پرعزم ہے۔ تاہم ، مقامی مارکیٹ میں بین الاقوامی بازار کے حدود میں تخت مقابلہ کی وجہ سے مسلسل دباؤکی شکار ہے۔

جننگ یونٹ کے آپریشنز:

گزشته سال پھٹی کے ناقص معیار اور غیرمسابقتی قیتوں کی وجہسے یونٹ بندر ہا۔

بر آمدات

کمپنی نے اس سال مجموعی برآ مدات 1,840.043 ملین روپے کیں جبکہ گزشتہ سال سد 1,541.853 ملین روپے تھی۔ برآ مدات میں 28.85 فیصد کا بیاضا فیہ بین الاقوامی مارکیٹ میں سوت کی اچھی قیمتوں کی وجہ سے ہوا۔

ڈیوڈینڈ

پچھلسال کے نقصانات کی وجہ سے موجودہ مکلفیت کی حیثیت کود کیھتے ہوئے اس سال آپ کے ڈائر بکٹران ڈبوڈ بیٹر نیدسینے کا فیصلہ کیا ہے۔

QMS اور EMS سرٹیفکیشن:

سمینی نے کامیابی سے کوالٹی مینجنٹ سٹم 8001:2008 ISO اورانوائرمینٹل مینجنٹ سٹم 14001:2004 کی سندحاصل کی ہے۔

کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گور ننس کی تعمیل:

آپ کی کمپنی سکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکچیخ کمیشن آف پاکستان کے سی جی ہدایات 2012 پڑ ممل کر رہی ہے۔ بورڈ اچھے کارپوریٹ گورننس کے اعلیٰ معیار کو برقر ارر کھنے کے لئے پرعزم ہے۔

ڈائریکٹرزکی ذمه داریاں

بورڈ با قاعدگی سے کمپنی کی اسٹر پیجگ سمت کا جائزہ لیتا ہے۔ کاروبار کے لئے سالانہ منصوبہ بندی اور کارکردگی کا اہداف جس طرح چیف ایگزیکٹو کی طرف سے مقرر کیا جاتا اور کمپنی کے مجموعی مقاصد کی روشنی میں بورڈ کی طرف سے مجموعی جائزہ لیا جاتا ہے۔ بورڈ اچھے کارپوریٹ گورنمنٹ کے اعلیٰ معیار کو برقر ارر کھنے کے لئے پرعزم

> . کمپنی سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایکیچنج کمیش آف پاکستان اورسٹاک ایکیچنج کے طے کر دہ قواعد وضوالط کافٹیل کرتی ہے۔



كاربوريث اور مالياتي ريورننگ كفريم ورك يرذرج ذيل بيانات بين:

- 1۔ مقبول ٹیکسٹائل ملزلمیٹڈ کی انتظامیہ نے جوفنانشل الٹیٹمنٹس تیار کی ہیں وہ کمپنی کی اسٹیٹ آف افیئر ز،آپریشن کے نتائج ،کیش فلوز اورا یکو پٹی میں تبدیلی کوسیح طریقے سے پیش کرتے ہیں۔
 - 2۔ مناسب اکاؤنٹک کی یالیسیوں کوان مالی بیانات کی تیاری میں مسلسل لا گوکیا گیا ہے اور اکاؤنٹک کا تخیینه مناسب اور پر جوش فیصلوں برمنی ہے
 - 3 مقبول ٹیکسٹائل مزلمیٹڈا کا وئٹس کومناسب طریقے سے کتابوں میں درج کررہاہے۔
 - 4۔ بین الاقوامی اکاؤٹٹک معیار جوکہ یا کتان میں لاگوہوتے ہیں ان کو مالی بیانات پیش کرنے کیلئے استعال کیا گیا ہے۔
- 5۔ بورڈ نے ایک موثر داخلی آڈٹ فنکشن قائم کیا ہے جواس مقصد کے لئے موز ول طور پر قابل بھروسہ اور تجربہ کار سمجھاجا تا ہے اور کمپنی کی پالیسیوں اور طریقہ کار کےمطابق ہے اور وہ کمل طور پراندرونی آڈٹ فنکشن میں ملوث ہیں۔
 - 6۔ اندرونی کنٹرول کا نظام مضبوط ڈیزائن کا حامل ہے اور موٹر طور پرلا گوہاوراس کی تگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔
 - 7۔ کمپنی کوجاری رکھے جانے کی صلاحیت کے بارے میں کسی فتم کی بھی تشویش یا شک کی بات نہیں ہے۔
 - 8۔ کسٹنگ کے قواعد وضوابط میں تفصیل کے طور بر، کارپوریٹ گورنمنٹ کے بہترین طریقوں سے کوئی موازنبین ککتی ہے۔
 - 9۔ مالی سال 30 جون 2017 کے اختتام پر کوئی بھی ٹیکس کی ادائیگی ، ڈیوٹیز اور اخراجات قابل ادانہیں ہیں سوائے ان کے جو کہ مالی نتائج میں بتائی گئی ہیں۔
 - 10۔ گزشتہ چے سالوں کی کلیدی آپریٹنگ اور مالیاتی اعدادوشار کا خلاصل محق ہے۔
 - 11۔ 30 جون 2017 کا پیٹرن آفشیئر ہولڈنگ کمحق ہے۔
- 12۔ گزشتہ ختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹرز، چیف ایگز کیٹوآ فیسر، چیف فٹانس آفیسر، کمپنی کے سیکرٹری اوران کے شوہر اور چھوٹے بچوں نے کمپنی کے صص میں کوئی خرید وفر وخت نہیں کی۔
 - 13 ۔ بورڈ نے کوڈ آف کار پوریٹ گورنس کی تیل میں تین مبرز کی آڈٹ کمیٹی اور چارمبرز کی ریمزیش کمیٹی قائم کی ہے۔

آڈٹ کمیٹے:

بورڈ نے کارپوریٹ گورننس، فنانشل رپورٹنگ اور کارپوریٹ کنٹرول سے نمٹنے کیلئے آڈٹ کمیٹی کو بنایا ہے آڈٹ کمیٹی کےمعاملات کوچلانے کا طریقہ کاربنایا گیا ہے اور کمیٹی ممبران کوقیمل کیلئے بتایا گیا ہے۔

آ ڈٹ کمیٹی نے اندرونی آ ڈٹ منصوبہ کےعلاوہ، آدھی، نصف اور سالانہ مالی بیانات کا جائزہ لیا ہے، مواد کے آ ڈٹ کے نتائج اور اندرونی آ ڈیٹر کی سفارش سال کے دوران جیار آ ڈٹ کمیشن کی میٹنگ منعقد ہوئی اور حاضری مندرجہ ذیل تھی:۔

نمبرآ ف میٹنگ اٹینڈ ڈ	عہدہ	ا نگزیکٹوڈائر بکٹرکانام
4	چيئر مين	مياں ادر ليں احمہ شخ
4	رکن	ميال عزيزاحريثن
4	رکن	میجر(ر)جاویدمسرت

مندرجه بالااجلاسوں کےعلاوہ ،آ ڈٹ ممیٹی نے بھی بیرونی فائنڈر کےساتھ چیف فٹانس آفیسراوراندرونی آ ڈٹ کےسر براہ کےساتھ ملاقات کی۔



کوئی قانونی بقایا ادائیگی نه هے:

عام اورمعمول فطرت کےعلاوہ نیکس، لیویز اور چار جز کے حساب سے کوئی قابل قانونی مجازات موجود نہیں ہیں۔

بورڈ کی میٹنگ

30 جون 2017 كونتم ہونے والے سال كے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر يكٹرز كے جارا جلاس منعقد ہوئے ہر ڈائر يكٹر كى حاضرى ذيل ميں دى گئى ہے۔

اجلاس میں شرکت	ڈائر یکٹر کا نام
4	ميان تنويراحمه ثثخ
4	مياںانيساحرثيخ
4	ميان ادر لين احمد يشخ
4	ميال عزيزاحمه فثنخ
4	ميان عطاشفيع تنويريشخ
4	ميجر(ر)جاويدمسر
2	سيدرضاعباس جعفري

آڏيڻر:

آپ کی کمپنی کے موجودہ آڈیٹر میسرز ڈیلائٹ بوسف عادل، چارٹرڈا کاؤٹٹس، کراچی ریٹائرڈ ہوگئے ہیں اور دوبارہ اپنے آپ کوآڈیٹر نے طور پر پیش کرتے ہیں۔

مزدوروں اور استاف کے ساتھ تعلقات:

آپ كے دُائر يكٹروں كوخوشى ہے كہ اس سال كے مزدوروں اور اسٹاف كے ساتھ تعلقات پورے سال الچھ رہے۔

اعتراف:

آپ کے ڈائر مکٹرزاعتراف کرتے ہیں کہ کپنی نے ہمیشہ کی طرح اس سال بھی بینکوں کی طرف سے بہترین تعاون سے لطف اندوز ہوئے۔ بینکوں کے نام مندرجہ ذیل ہیں۔

حبيب بينك لميثثه

بينك الحبيب لميثثه

بونا ئىنىڭە بىنكەلمىنىڭە

فيصل بيئك لميثثه

بينك آف پنجاب

حبيب ميٹروپوليٹن بينک لميٹر

بينك الفلاح لميثثر



MAQBOOL
میزان بینک لمیشرُدُ
میزان بینک میاز متوں کی سرشار محنت کا بھی اعتراف کیا جا تا ہے۔

بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی طرف سے -/Sd میاں تنویر احمد شیخ (چیئرمین)

ملتان 04اكۋىر2017ء



SIX YEARS KEY OPERATING AND FINANCIAL DATA

SIX IL	ANS NL I	OFLINAII	NG AND	I IIIAIICIA	AL DAIA	
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
BALANCE SHEET						
Authorized Capital	200,000,000	200,000,000	200,000,000	200,000,000	200,000,000	200,000,000
Issued, subscribed					, ,	, ,
& Paid Up Capital	168,000,000	168,000,000	168,000,000	168,000,000	168,000,000	168,000,000
Reserves Un-appropriated Profit/(Loss)	168,000,000 194,868,151	168000,000 126,787,632	168,000,000 157,539,979	42,000,000 187,943,654	42,000,000 327,712,860	42,000,000 191,956,271
Total Equity	530,868,151	462,787,632	493,539,979	523,943,654	537,712,860	401,956,271
Surplus on revaluation of				,,	,,	,,
Property, plant and equipment	704,975,105	723,306,444	750,185,937	779,340,652	150,268,385	150,268,385
Liabilities						
Deferred/Long term	411,869,561	470,763,962	411,316,971	499,943,800	368,728,999	159,182,792
Short Term Liabilities	1,459,117,649	1,504,117,787	1,268,927,127	772,681,545	1,098,724,635	773,247,472
Total Liabilities	1,870,987,210	1,974,881,749	1,680,244,098	1,272,625,345	1,467,453,634	932,430,264
Total Equity & Liabilities	2,401,855,361	3,160,975,825	2,923,970,014	2,575,909,651	2,155,434,879	1,484,654,920
FixedAssets						
Owned	1,840,019,477	1,850,281,415	1,773,697,267	1,790,826,163	951,646,443	651,186,126
Long Term Deposits	5,668,939	5,668,939	5,668,939	5,668,939	5,654,639	5,654,639
Current Assets Total Assets	1,261,142,050 3,106,830,466	1,305,025,471 3,160,975,825	1,144,603,808 2,923,970,014	779,414,549 2,575,909,651	1,198,122,497 2,155,434,879	827,814,155 1,484,654,920
Total Assets	3,100,030,400	3,100,973,023	2,923,970,014	2,373,909,031	2,133,434,679	1,404,034,920
PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT						
Turnover (net)	4,863,138,768	4,280,589,829	4,014,689,127	4,928,43,523	4,554,284,139	3,421,881,369
Gross Profit Operating Profit/(Loss)	331,881,000	227,277,237	235,832,483 38,489,046	335,124,201 217,062,351	493,376,536 150,083,240	348,113,332
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	63,295,584	(38,905,401)	(60,609,236)	73,074,117	236,370,101	166,768,755
Taxation	(37,048,566)	(29,024,496)	(12,732,765)	(37,082,522)	(62,813,512)	(40,497,836)
Profit/(Loss) for the Year	26,247,018	(60,367,736)	(66,697,813)	35,991,595	173,556,589	126,270,919
DISTRIBUTION						
Cash Dividend %	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	27.50%	22.50%
RATIOS	24.00	07.55	20.20	24.40	22.04	22.02
Break up value (Rs) Earning per share (Rs.)	31.60 1.56	27.55 (3.59)	29.38 (3.97)	31.19 2.14	32.01 10.33	23.92 7.52
Return on Equity (Rs)	0.05	(0.13)	(0.14)	0.07	0.32	0.31
Current Ratio	0.86:1	0.87:1	0.90:1	1.01:1	1.09:1	1.07:1
Debt / Equity Ratio without surplus	0.40	0.54	0.39	0.49	0.54	0.39
Debt / Equity Ratio with surplus	0.17	0.21	0.16	0.20	0.69	0.288
PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL	PRODUCTION					
Spinning Unit-I						
Spindles Installed and worked	18,672	18,672	18,336	18,336	18,336	18,336
Standard Production after conve into 20/S Count (Kgs)	6,398,891	6,398,891	6,389,193	6,389,193	6,389,193	5,937,060
Actual production of yarn after	0,000,001	0,000,001	0,000,100	0,000,100	0,000,100	0,001,000
conversion into 20/S Count (K	(gs) 5,186,155	5,180,435	4,870,926	4,388,751	4,443,856	5,389,139
Spinning Unit # 2 Spindles installed and worked	27,864	27,864	27,864	27,864	27,864	27,864
Standard production after conve		21,004	27,004	21,004	21,004	21,004
into 40's PC count (Kgs)	4,784,702	4,784,702	4,784,702	4,784,702	4,784,702	4,721,968
Actual production of Yarn after	(14) 4 405 000	4.400.057	0.000.000	0.700.704	0.700.074	4 000 004
conversion into 40's PC count Spinning Unit # 3	(Kgs) 4,185,296	4,166,657	3,636,009	3,723,721	3,706,671	4,302,034
Spindles installed and worked	23,904	23,904	23,904	23,904	23,904	-
Standard production after conve	rsion					
into 20/S Count (Kgs)	7,018,741	7,018,741	7,018,741	7,018,741	5,290,445	-
Actual production of Yarn after conversion into 20/S Count (K	(gs) 5,510,786	5,050,455	5,050,455	4,929,765	4,316,860	-
CONTROLOGICAL INTO 2010 COURT (IN	90,010,100	0,000,400	0,000,400	1,020,100	1,010,000	_



STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Year Ended June 30, 2017

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance (CCG) contained in the listing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

Maqbool Textile Mills Limited (the company) has applied the principles contained in the Code of Corporate Governance in the following manner:

1. The company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interests on its board of directors. At present the board includes:

Sr. No	<u>Category</u>	Name Of Directors		
1	Independent Director	1. Mr. Maj (R) Javed Mussarat		
2	Evocutivo Director	1. Mr. Mian Anis Ahmad Sheikh		
	2 <u>Executive Director</u>	2. Mr. Mian Atta Shafi Tanvir Sheikh		
		1. Mr. Mian Tanvir Ahmad Sheikh		
		2. Mr. Mian Idrees Ahmad Sheikh		
3	Non-Executive Director	3. Mr. Mian Aziz Ahmad Sheikh		
		4. Mr. Syed Raza Abbas Jaffery (Rep.		
		NIT)		

^{*}The Independent Director meets the requirements as prescribed in PSX Rules Book.

- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company.
- 3. All the resident directors of the company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI and an NBFI or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4. No casual vacancy occurring on the Board during the year ended June 30, 2017.
- 5. The company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 6. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the board/shareholders.
- 8. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose and the board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least



seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.

- 9. In accordance with the criteria specified in clause (xi) of the CCG-2012 four of the directors of the company are exempt from requirement of the Director's Training Program (DTP). During the year none of the directors of the company has participated in DTP organized by PICG duly approved Training Institute of the SECP. The Director's will participate in DTP with in specified time.
- 10. No new appointment of CFO/Company Secretary has been made during the year.
- 11. The directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the CCG and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. The financial statements of the company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the board.
- 13. The directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- 14. The company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the CCG.
- 15. The board has constituted an Audit Committee. It comprises of three members, of whom two are non-executive directors and one independent director. The Chairman of the Committee is also a non-executive Director.

Name	Designation	
i.	Mian Idrees Ahmad Sheikh	Chairman
ii.	Mian Aziz Ahmad Sheikh	Member
iii.	Maj (R) Javed Musarrat	Member

- 16. The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the company and as required by the CCG. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 17. The board has constituted a Human Resource (HR) & Remuneration Committee comprises of three members, of whom majority are non-executive directors including the Chairman of the committee.

Name	Designation	
i.	Mian Aziz Ahmad Sheikh	Chairman
ii.	Mian Idrees Ahmad Sheikh	Member
iii.	Mian Atta Shafi Tanvir Sheikh	Member

18. The board has set up an effective internal audit function managed by suitably qualified & experienced personnel on full time basis and is conversant with policies and procedures of the Company.



- 19. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21. The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim/final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchange(s).
- 22. Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange.
- 23. The board has developed the mechanism for an annual evaluation of the Board and its members, the detail of which is given in the Director's Report.
- 24. We confirm that all material principles contained in the CCG have been complied with.

M. Ehsanullah Khan Company Secretary

Dated. 04.10.2017



REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) prepared by the Board of Directors of Maqbool Textile Mills Limited (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2017 to comply with the Regulations of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner: Nadeem Yousuf Adil

Dated: October 04, 2017 Karachi



AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of **Maqbool Textile Mills Limited** ("the Company") as at June 30, 2017 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement, and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that;

- (a) In our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- (b) In our opinion
 - the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
 - (ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of Company's business; and
 - the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;



- in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and, respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2017 and of the profit, comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

DELOITTE YOUSUF ADIL Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner: Nadeem Yousuf Adil

Date: 04.10.2017

Karachi



BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2017

·		2017	2016
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5.	1,840,019,477	1,850,281,415
Long term deposits		5,668,939	5,668,939
		1,845,688,416	1,855,950,354
Current assets	-		
Stores and spares	6	40,852,290	39,862,479
Stock in trade	7	674,239,168	787,451,069
Trade debts	8	268,592,414	320,373,785
Loans and advances	9	36,294,979	20,083,521
Prepayments	10	221,803	221,803
Sale tax refundable		93,431,633	62,309,427
Advance tax		81,697,959	56,877,611
Export rebate refundable		33,635,697	-
Cash and bank balances	11	32,176,107	17,845,776
	-	1,261,142,050	1,305,025,471
Total assets	<u>-</u>	3,106,830,466	3,160,975,825
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			_
Share capital and reserves	_		
Share capital	12	168,000,000	168,000,000
General reserve		168,000,000	168,000,000
Unappropriated profit		194,868,151	126,787,632
		530,868,151	462,787,632
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant			
and equipment	13	704,975,105	723,306,444
Non-current liabilities	_		
Long term financing	14	145,187,000	179,922,306
Long term loans from related parties	15	46,581,518	56,363,637
Deferred liabilities	16	220,101,043	234,478,019
		411,869,561	470,763,962
Current liabilities	-		
Trade and other payables	17	195,449,595	198,387,360
Accrued mark up	18	22,776,483	25,606,195
Short term borrowings	19	1,128,003,470	1,182,593,348
Current portion of long term financing	14	68,531,926	70,530,090
Provision for tax		44,356,175	27,000,794
		1,459,117,649	1,504,117,787
Contingencies and commitments	20		
Total equity and liabilities	_	3,106,830,466	3,160,975,825
	-		

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Sd/-Mian Anis Ahmad Sheikh Chief Executive Officer Sd/-Mian Atta Shafi Tanvir Sheikh Director

Sd/-M. Ehsanullah Khan Chief Financial Officer



PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Sales - net	21	4,863,138,768	4,280,589,829
Cost of goods sold	22	(4,531,257,768)	(4,053,312,592)
Gross profit	-	331,881,000	227,277,237
Other income	23	19,246,943	7,562,161
	-	351,127,943	234,839,398
Distribution cost	24	77,122,029	66,751,032
Administrative expenses	25	104,228,427	103,073,981
Other operating expenses	26	3,253,640	-
		(184,604,096)	(169,825,013)
Finance cost	27	(103,228,263)	(96,357,625)
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	-	63,295,584	(31,343,240)
Taxation	28	(37,048,566)	(29,024,496)
Profit/(Loss) after taxation	-	26,247,018	(60,367,736)
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	29	1.56	(3.59)

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.



STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Profit / (Loss) for the year	26,247,018	(60,367,737)
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss account		
Remeasurement on defined benefit obligation Deferred tax	(2,120,022) 380,567 (1,739,455)	349,900 (68,087) 281,813
Total comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year	24,507,563	(60,085,923)

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.



CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
	Profit/(Loss) before taxation Adjustments for:	63,295,584	(31,343,241)
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	90,473,675	90,001,065
	Provision for staff retirement benefits - gratuity	15,925,508	14,734,213
	Finance cost	103,228,263	96,357,625
		209,627,446	201,092,903
	Operating cash flows before working capital changes	272,923,030	169,749,662
	(Increase) / decrease in current assets		
	Stores and spares	(989,811)	(4,444,348)
	Stock in trade	113,211,901	(214,413,876)
	Trade debts	51,781,371	17,910,598
	Loans and advances	(16,211,458)	7,150,447
	Prepayments	-	219,606
	Sales tax refundable	(31,122,206)	13,121,015
	Export rebate refundable	(33,635,697)	(180,456,558)
	Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities	83,034,100	(160,430,336)
	Trade and other payables (excluding unclaimed dividend)	(2,933,818)	(34,111,420)
	Cash generated from/(used in) operations	353,023,312	(44,818,315)
	Income tax paid	(51,854,079)	(49,585,448)
	Gratuity paid	(14,878,258)	(6,818,100)
	Finance cost paid	(100,421,612)	(85,033,232)
		(167,153,949)	(141,436,780)
	Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	185,869,363	(186,255,095)
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
	Additions to property, plant and equipment	(80,211,737)	(166,585,213)
	Net cash (used in) investing activities	(80,211,737)	(166,585,213)
С.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
	Proceeds from long term financing	33,796,620	116,051,044
	Repayment of long term financing	(70,530,090)	(59,519,266)
	Short term borrowings - net	(54,589,878)	269,224,906
	Dividend paid	(3,947)	(3,506,232)
	Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	(91,327,295)	322,250,452
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	14,330,331	(30,589,856)
	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	17,845,776	48,435,632
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	32,176,107	17,845,776

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Sd/-Mian Anis Ahmad Sheikh Chief Executive Officer Sd/-Mian Atta Shafi Tanvir Sheikh Director

Sd/-M. Ehsanullah Khan Chief Financial Officer



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Share capital	General reserve	Unappropriated profit	Total
•		R	upees	
Balance as at July 01, 2015	168,000,000	168,000,000	157,539,979	493,539,979
Loss for the year	-	-	(60,367,736)	(60,367,736)
Other comprehensive loss for the year - net of deferred tax	-	_	281,813	281,813
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	(60,085,923)	(60,085,923)
Surplus transferred to unappropriated profit on account of incremental depreciation charged during the year - net of tax	-	-	29,333,576	29,333,576
Transfer of present value adjustment on long term loans from related parties	-	-		-
Balance as at June 30, 2016	168,000,000	168,000,000	126,787,632	462,787,632
Profit for the year	-	-	26,247,018	26,247,018
Other comprehensive income for the year - net of deferred tax	_	_	(1,739,455)	(1,739,455)
Total comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	24,507,563	24,507,563
Surplus transfer to unappropriated profit on account of incremental depreciation charged during the year				
- net of tax	-	-	28,154,473	28,154,473
Transfer of present value adjustment on loan from related party			15,418,482	15,418,482
Balance as at June 30, 2017	168,000,000	168,000,000	194,868,151*	530,868,151

^{*} This includes unamortised portion of interest free loan obtain from related parties amounting to Rs. 9,782,119 (2016: Rs. 5,636,363) which is not available for distribution.

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Sd/-Mian Anis Ahmad Sheikh Chief Executive Officer Sd/-Mian Atta Shafi Tanvir Sheikh Director

Sd/-M. Ehsanullah Khan Chief Financial Officer



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Maqbool Texti le Mills Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Pakistan on December 03, 1989 as a public limited company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (formerly Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad Stock Exchanges). The registered office of the Company is situated at 2-Insudtrial Estate Multan, Pakistan. The Company is principally engaged in manufacturing and sale of yarn, cotton seed and cotton lint. The Company's manufacturing facilities are located at District Muzaffar Garh and District Toba Tek Singh, Pakistan.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

2.1 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions of or directives issued under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

During the year, the Companies Act, 2017 (the new Companies Act) was enacted and promulgated by the SECP on May 30, 2017. However, SECP has notified through Circular No. 17 of July 20, 2017 that companies whose financial year closes on or before June 30, 2017 shall prepare their financial statements in accordance with the provisions of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. Accordingly, the Company shall prepare the financial statements for periods closing after June 30, 2017 in accordance with the provisions of the new Companies Act. The Company is currently in process of determining impact, if any, on future financial statements due to implementation of the Act.

3. Standards, interpretation and amendment adopted during the year

The following amendments to existing standards have been published that are applicable to the Company's financial statements covering annual periods, beginning on or after the following dates:

3.1 New accounting standards / amendments and IFRS interpretations that are effective for the year ended June 30, 2017

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are effective for the year ended June 30, 2017. These standards, interpretations and the amendments are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Amendments to IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements', IFRS 12 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities' and IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' - Investment Entities: Applying the consolidation exception

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2016

Amendments to IFRS 11 'Joint Arrangements' - Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operations

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2016



Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial
Statements' - Disclosure initiative

Amendments to IAS 16 'Property Plant and Equipment' and IAS 38 'Intangible Assets' - Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortization

Amendments to IAS 16 'Property Plant and Equipment' and methods of depreciation and amortization

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2016

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2016

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2016

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2016

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2016

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs.

3.2 New accounting standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are not yet effective.

Amendments to IFRS 2 'Share-based Payment' - Effective from accounting period beginning Clarification on the classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2018

Amendments to IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' and IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' - Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture

Effective date is deferred indefinitely. Earlier adoption is permitted.

on or after January 01, 2016

Amendments to IAS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' - Amendments as a result of the disclosure initiative

Equity method in separate financial statements

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2017

Amendments to IAS 12 'Income Taxes' - Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2017

Amendments to IAS 40 'Investment Property': Clarification on transfers of property to or from investment property

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2018. Early application is permitted.

IFRIC 22 'Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration': Provides guidance on transactions where consideration against non-monetary prepaid asset / deferred income is denominated in foreign currency.

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2018. Early application is permitted.

IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments': Clarifies the accounting treatment in relation to determination of taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under IAS 12 'Income Taxes'.

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2019

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs.



4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under historical cost convention except indicated in note 4.4.1, 4.4.12 and 4.4.14.

4.2 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

4.3 Critical judgments and accounting estimates in applying the accounting policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgment about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other resources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on the ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future period if the revision affects both current and future periods.

In preparing these financial statements, the significant judgment made by the management in applying accounting policies include:

- useful lives of property, plant and equipment (notes 4.4.1 and 5.1)
- provision for staff retirement benefits (notes 4.4.12 and 16.2)
- provision for taxation (notes 4.4.11 and 27)
- revaluation of property, plant and equipment (notes 4.4.1 and 5.4)

4.4 Summary of accounting policies

4.4.1 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment except freehold land, building on freehold land, plant and machinery and capital work-in-progress are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Freehold land, Building on freehold land, plant and machinery ,generator, electric fittings and installations are stated at revalued amount being the fair value at the date of revaluation, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Freehold land is stated at revalued amount being the fair value at the date of revaluation. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity so that the fair value and carrying value do not differ materially at the balance sheet date. Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of such asset is credited in 'Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment' . A decrease in the carrying amount arising on revaluation is charged to profit and loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the surplus on revaluation account relating to previously revalued assets. To the extent of incremental depreciation charged on revalued assets, the related surplus on revaluation (net of deferred tax) is transferred directly to retained earnings/unappropriated profit.



Depreciation is charged to income applying reducing balance method to write-off the cost over the estimated remaining useful life of assets. The useful life and depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and period of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property, plant and equipment. Rates of depreciation are shown in note 5.1 to the financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month the asset is available for use up to month immediately preceding the date of disposal.

Gains and losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment if any, are recognized in profit and loss account, as and when incurred. Assets are derecognized when disposed or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized.

Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress (CWIP) is stated at cost less any recognized impairment loss. All expenditures connected to the specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under CWIP. These are transferred to specific assets as and when assets are ready for their intended use.

4.4.2 Operating lease

Rental paid under operating lease are charged to profit and loss account on straight line basis over the period of lease.

4.4.3 Investments

Held to maturity

Held to maturity investments are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity. Held to maturity investments are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction cost and are subsequently carried at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

Derecognition

All investments are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

4.4.4 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and derecognized when the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial asset and in case of financial liability when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the financial assets and liabilities is taken to profit and loss account directly.

4.4.5 Off setting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are off-set and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.



4.4.6 Impairment

Financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred loss event) and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Non - financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that assets except stores and spares and stock in trade may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying values exceed the respective recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting impairment loss is recognized in profit and loss account. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Where impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised recoverable amount but limited to the extent of initial cost of the asset. Reversal of impairment loss is recognized as income.

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized as an income or expense.

4.4.7 Stores and spares

These are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on moving average cost less allowance for obsolete and slow moving items. Items in transit are valued at invoice values plus other charges incurred thereon.

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

4.4.8 Stock in trade

These are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined as:

Raw material Weighted average cost.

Material in transitCost accumulated up to balance sheet date.Work in processWeighted average manufacturing cost.Finished goodsWeighted average manufacturing cost.

Waste Net realizable value.

Cost in relation to work in process and finished goods represents the annual average manufacturing cost which consists of prime cost and appropriate production overheads. Cost of raw material consumed is accounted for by applying the annual average cost of both imported and local purchases.



Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated cost necessary to be incurred to effect such sale.

4.4.9 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are carried at original invoice amount less an estimate made for doubtful receivables based on review of outstanding amounts at the year end. Balances considered bad and irrecoverable are written off when identified.

4.4.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and balances with banks.

4.4.11 Taxation

Current

Charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and tax rebates available, if any, or provisions of minimum tax, or provisions of alternative corporate tax. However, for income covered under final tax regime, taxation is based on applicable tax rates under such regime.

Deferred

Deferred taxation is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, providing for all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax recognized is based on the expected manner of the realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using rates of taxation enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused tax losses, if any, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

4.4.12 Staff retirement benefits - gratuity

The main features of the scheme operated by the Company for its employees are as follows:

Defined benefit plan

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for all employees according to the terms of employment subject to a minimum qualifying period of service. Annual provision is made on the basis of actuarial valuation to cover obligations under the scheme for all employees eligible to gratuity benefits irrespective of the qualifying period.

The latest actuarial valuation for gratuity scheme was carried out as at June 30, 2017 using Projected Unit Credit Method. The following significant assumptions have been used for valuation of defined benefit obligation of the company:



	2017	2016
- Discount rate	7.75%	7.25%
- Expected increase in eligible salary	6.75%	6.25%
- Average expected remaining working life time	10 years	9 years
- Mortality rate	SLIC (2001-2005)	SLIC (2001-2005)

4.4.13 Revenue recognition

Revenue represents the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods sold, net of discounts and sales tax. Revenue is recognized when the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred i.e. on dispatch in case of local sales and on preparation of bill of lading in case of exports and when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue, and the associated cost incurred, or to be incurred, can be measured reliably.

Profit from investment is recognized on time apportioned basis using effective rate of interest.

4.4.14 Foreign currency transactions and translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date except where forward exchange contracts have been entered into for repayment of liabilities, in that case, the rates contracted for are used.

Gains and losses arising on retranslation are included in profit and loss account for the year.

4.4.15 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are charged to profit and loss account in the period in which they are incurred.

4.4.16 Dividend

Dividend distribution to the Companys shareholders is recognized as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Companys shareholders.

4.4.17 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services received whether billed to the Company or not.

4.4.18 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed periodically and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.4.19 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per shares (EPS). Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to share holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to share holders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.



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2,267,849,500

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2016 Rupees	1,805,074,292 1,849,725,975 34,945,185 55,442	1,850,281,417
2017 Rupees	1,805,074,292 34,945,185	1,840,019,477
Note	5.1	
	Operating assets Capital work-in-progress (plant & machinery)	

assets
Operating
5.1

	Cost ,	/ Revalued amount	nt	Accur	Accumulated depreciation	tion	Net book value	Dato
Particulars	At July 01, 2016	Additions	At June 30, 2017	At July 01, 2016	For the year	At June 30, 2017	At June 30, 2017	, vare
1				Rupees				
Land - freehold	230,369,000	1	230,369,000	ı	1	1	230,369,000	ı
Buildings on freehold land	424,192,295	ı	424,192,295	41,309,261	19,144,152	60,453,413	363,738,882	2
Plant and machinery	1,456,365,165	39,574,652	1,495,939,817	307,661,420	58,415,589	366,077,009	1,129,862,808	2
Generator	15,074,303	26,214	15,100,517	3,272,564	1,180,793	4,453,357	10,647,160	10
Electric fittings and installations	77,767,841	4,980,737	82,748,578	27,736,292	7,878,420	35,614,712	47,133,866	15
Tools and equipment	1,398,736	988'99	1,465,621	473,964	95,924	569,888	895,733	10
Office equipment	8,919,726	331,646	9,251,372	3,818,994	538,280	4,357,274	4,894,098	10
Telephone installations	3,131,721	272,300	3,404,021	1,344,056	193,776	1,537,832	1,866,189	10
Furniture & fixtures	8,339,008	200,000	8,839,008	4,520,028	394,398	4,914,426	3,924,582	10
Arms & ammunitions	877,795	1,000	878,795	182,609	69,610	252,219	626,576	10
Weighing scales	1,762,439	ı	1,762,439	1,271,005	49,143	1,320,148	442,291	10
Tube well	1,094,476	1,560	1,096,036	671,780	42,296	714,076	381,960	10
Fire extinguishing equipment	1,692,142	1	1,692,142	958,955	73,319	1,032,274	898'659	10
Vehicles	36,864,853	67,000	36,931,853	24,902,599	2,397,976	27,300,575	9,631,278	20



For comparative period

	Cost /	/ Revalued amount	nt	Accur	Accumulated depreciation	ion	Net book value	0.40
Particulars	At July 01, 2015	Additions	At June 30, 2016	At July 01, 2015	For the year	At June 30, 2016	At June 30, 2016	kate %
				- Rupees				
Land - freehold	230,369,000		230,369,000				230,369,000	ı
Buildings on freehold land	423,658,961	533,334	424,192,295	21,182,948	20,126,313	41,309,261	382,883,034	2
Plant and machinery	1,298,314,120	158,051,045	1,456,365,165	251,895,869	55,765,551	307,661,420	1,148,703,745	2
Generator	13,821,204	1,253,099	15,074,303	2,010,595	1,261,969	3,272,564	11,801,739	10
Electric fittings and installations	72,270,576	5,497,265	77,767,841	19,372,850	8,363,442	27,736,292	50,031,549	15
Tools and equipment	1,311,611	87,125	1,398,736	378,543	95,421	473,964	924,772	10
Office equipment	8,583,093	336,633	8,919,726	3,260,984	558,010	3,818,994	5,100,732	10
Telephone installations	3,122,221	9,500	3,131,721	1,145,955	198,101	1,344,056	1,787,665	10
Furniture & fixtures	7,877,831	461,177	8,339,008	4,133,596	386,432	4,520,028	3,818,980	10
Arms & ammunitions	877,795	ı	877,795	105,366	77,243	182,609	695,186	10
Weighing scales	1,734,439	28,000	1,762,439	1,218,022	52,983	1,271,005	491,434	10
Tube well	1,094,476	1	1,094,476	624,814	46,966	671,780	422,696	10
Fire extinguishing equipment	1,683,942	8,200	1,692,142	877,945	81,010	958,955	733,187	10
Vehicles	36,796,153	68,700	36,864,853	21,914,975	2,987,624	24,902,599	11,962,254	20
								_
•	2,101,515,424	166,334,078	2,267,849,500	328,122,462	90,001,065	418,123,527	1,849,725,975	



5.2	Allocation of depreciation	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	Cost of goods sold	22	86,806,317	85,712,645
	Administrative expenses	25	3,667,358	4,288,420
			90,473,675	90,001,065

5.3 Revaluation of freehold land, building on free hold land and machinery including generator & electric fittings that was carried out as on June 30, 2014 by independent valuer M/s K. G. Traders (Pvt.) Limited on the basis of depreciated replacement value. Revaluation surplus has been credited to surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment. The basis used for the revaluation of these assets were as follows:

Freehold land and building on free hold land

Fair market value of the land was assessed through inquiries from various estate agents, brokers and builders / developers and keeping in view the location of the property, its size, status, utilization, cost of new construction, construction standard, depreciation cost factor, state of infrastructure and current trends in prices of real estate in the vicinity of the property.

Plant and machinery

Fair market value of the plant and machinery was assessed through inquiries of local authorized dealers who deal in old and new similar type of plant and machineries. Replacement value was then ascertained from competitive rates of the plant and machinery and thereafter, an average depreciation factor was applied on the replacement value of the plant and machinery.

5.4 Had there been no revaluation the related carrying amounts of freehold land, building and machinery would have been as follows:

		2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	Land - freehold	31,787,994	31,787,994
	Buildings on freehold land	112,642,483	118,571,035
	Plant and machinery	781,696,950	782,213,368
	Generator	4,698,337	5,191,937
	Electric fittings and installations	35,159,322	35,943,851
		965,985,087	973,708,185
6	CTORES AND CRAPES		
6.	STORES AND SPARES		
	Stores and spares	30,798,280	33,715,133
	Packing material	10,054,010	6,147,346
		40,852,290	39,862,479
			



7.	STOCK IN TRADE	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	Raw materials Work in process Finished goods:	7.1	410,825,120 40,217,892	449,003,590 49,062,672
	- Yarn - Waste		219,688,331 3,507,825 223,196,156	286,447,858 2,936,949 289,384,807
			674,239,168	787,451,069

7.1 In 2016, net realizable value of raw material was lower than its cost, which resulted in write down of Rs. 7.72 million. However, there is no such impact in current year.

8. TRADE DEBTS	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Considered good			
Export - secured Local - unsecured	8.1 8.2	106,156,165 162,436,249	104,667,869 215,705,916
		268,592,414 268,592,414	320,373,785 320,373,785

- **8.1** Export trade debts are realized on early discounting or retirement of L/C upon 90-120 days.
- **8.2** Local trade debts are non-interest bearing and are generally on 15 to 25 day terms.
- **8.3** Trade debts consist of a large number of customers, spread across geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable, where appropriate.
- **8.4** Trade debts include debtors with a carrying amount of Rs. 2.161 million (2016: Rs. 2.161 million) which are past due at the reporting date but not impaired as there has not been any significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable.

8.4.1	Aging of amounts past due but not impaired	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	90 - 120 days	-	25,092
	120 days and above	2,161,104	2,136,012
		2,161,104	2,161,104



	1.0 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1			MAQBOOL
			2017	2016
	10445 445 45	VANCES	Rupees	Rupees
9.	LOANS AND AD	ANCES		
	Advance to supp	liers - considered good	25,543,422	10,703,053
		liers - considered doubtful	1,794,628	1,794,628
			27,338,050	12,497,681
	Provision for dou	ıbtful suppliers	(1,794,628)	(1,794,628)
				<u> </u>
			25,543,422	10,703,053
	Advance for spin	nning unit on operating lease	5,040,048	5,040,048
		ees - considered good	4,863,488	3,492,399
	Minimum tax de	posited under protest	848,021	848,021
			36,294,979	20,083,521
10.	PREPAYMENTS			
	Prepayments		221,803	221,803
			221,803	221,803
11.	CASH AND BANI	BALANCES		
	Cash in hand		1,374,055	7,314,206
	Cash at banks - o	urrent accounts	30,802,052	10,531,570
			32,176,107	17,845,776
			32,170,107	17,843,770
12.	SHARE CAPITAL			
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	Number o		Rupees	Rupees
		,		
		Authorized		
		Ordinary shares of Rs. 10		
	20,000,000	20,000,000 each	200,000,000	200,000,000
		Issued, subscribed and pa	id up	
		Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 e	-	
	16,800,000	16,800,000 fully paid in cash	168,000,000	168,000,000

12.1 The Company has one class of ordinary shares which carry no right to fixed income. The shareholders are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.



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13.	SURPLUS ON REVALUTAION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	Opening balance		850,080,882	886,501,494
	On account of incremental depreciation charged during the year - net of tax		(28,154,473)	(29,333,576)
	Related deferred tax liability on incremental depreciation		(6,159,781) (34,314,254)	(7,087,036) (36,420,612)
	Closing balance		815,766,628	850,080,882
	Less: related deferred tax liability	_		
	Opening balance		126,774,438	136,315,557
	Related deferred tax liability on incremental depreciation		(6,159,781)	(7,087,035)
	Deferred tax due to rate change		(9,823,134)	(2,454,084)
		•	110,791,523	126,774,438
	Closing balance		704,975,105	723,306,444
14.	LONG TERM FINANCING From banking companies - secured			
	Habib Bank Limited			
	- Demand Finance	14.1	-	10,000,050
	- Demand Finance - II	14.2	53,333,336	80,000,002
	- LTFF - EOP	14.3	-	10,000,050
	- LTFF	14.4	105,040,220	116,051,044
	- Demand Finance	14.7	33,796,620	-
		·	192,170,176	216,051,146
	Bank Al-Habib Limited			
	- Term Finance	14.5	12,468,750	20,781,250
	- Term Finance - II	14.6	9,080,000	13,620,000
		•	21,548,750	34,401,250
		•	213,718,926	250,452,396
	Less: Current portion		(68,531,926)	(70,530,090)
		•	145,187,000	179,922,306

14.1 Habib Bank Limited - Demand Finance

This finance has been obtained from Habib Bank Limited (HBL) to retire LC for import of textile machinery. The loan is repayable in 8 equal half yearly installments commencing from November 20, 2013. It carries markup at the rate 6 months KIBOR + 1.70%. This finance is secured against first pari passu charge amounting to Rs. 600 million over the fixed assets of the Company and personal guarantees of directors of the Company. This has been fully paid during the current year.



14.2 Habib Bank Limited - Demand Finance II

This finance has been obtained from Habib Bank Limited (HBL) to acquire the fixed assets (Land, Building and Machinery) of Accord Textil es Limited (ATL) under the arrangements of settlement of entire liability of ATL. The loan is repayable in 12 equal half yearly installments. This finance is interest free and is secured against equitable mortgage charge of Rs. 160 million over the fixed assets of newly acquired spinning unit from ATL and personal guarantees of directors of the Company.

14.3 Habib Bank Limited - LTFF - EOP

This finance has been obtained from Habib Bank Limited (HBL) to import textile machinery under the SBP Scheme of LTFF/EOP project. The loan is repayable in 8 equal half yearly installments commencing from November 20, 2013. It carries markup at 11.1%. This finance is secured against first pari passu charge amounting to Rs. 600 million over the fixed assets of the Company and personal guarantees of directors of the Company. This has been fully paid during the current year.

14.4 Habib Bank Limited - LTFF

This finance has been obtained from Habib Bank Limited (HBL) for BMR / expansion. The loan is repayable in 8 equal half yearly installments commencing from May 9, 2017. It carries markup at flat rate 5%. This finance is secured against first pari passu charge amounting to Rs. 600 million over the fixed assets of the Company and personal guarantees of directors of the Company.

14.5 Bank Al-Habib Limited - Term Finance

This finance has been obtained for repayment of shipping documents under LCs limits. The loan was obtained on June 12, 2014 with 1 year grace period. It is repayable in 8 half yearly installments commencing from June 12, 2015 and is secured against 1st exclusive charge over specific imported machinery. It carries markup at the rate of 6 month KIBOR + 1.50%. During the year, markup was charged ranging from 7.59 % to 7.65 %. (2016: 8.02% to 8.50%)

14.6 Bank Al-Habib Limited - Term Finance II

This finance has obtained for repayment of shipping documents under LCs limits. The loan was obtained on July 06, 2014 with 1 year grace period. It is repayable in 8 half yearly installments commencing from July 06, 2015 and is secured against first exclusive charge over specific imported machinery. It carries markup at the rate of 6 month KIBOR + 1.50%. During the year, markup was charged ranging from 7.59 % to 7.65 %. (2016: 8.02% to 8.50%)

14.7 Habib Bank Limited - DF

This finance has been obtained for purchase of machinery from Habib Bank Limited (HBL). The loan is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments with one year grace period. It carries markup at flat rate KIBOR+1%. This finance is secured against first pari passu charge amounting to Rs. 600 million over the fixed assets of the Company and personal guarantees of directors of the Company.

2017

			2017	2016
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
15.	LONG TERM LOANS FROM RELATED PARTIES			
	Interest free loans from Directors and Chief Executive	15.1	56,363,637	62,000,000
	Less: present value adjustment		15,418,482	10,760,330
		_	40,945,155	51,239,670
	Add: unwinding of discount	27	5,636,363	5,123,967
		_	46,581,518	56,363,637



- 15.1 The Company entered into agreements with various related parties (directors / chief executive) in their capacity as sponsors, whereby the repayment of loans was deferred for a period of three years. The loans are interest free, unsecured and are repayable in full at the end of three-year period unless further extended by mutual agreement. The loan is extended for further three years upto 2020 using the discount rate of 10% per annum, the fair value of the loans is estimated at Rs. 46.581 million. The difference of Rs. 15.42 million, between the gross proceeds and the fair value of loans was recognized in equity through a transfer to unappropriated profit (the unamortized portions is not available for distribution). During the year, the unwinding of discount (i.e., unwinding of the difference between present value on initial recognition and the amount received) amounting to Rs. 5.63 million is recognized in profit and loss account using the effective interest method.
- 15.2 The above loans are subordinated with M/s Habib Bank Ltd., Corporate Center Branch, Multan against certain financial facilities provided by them

Deferred taxation Staff retirement benefits - gratuity 23,954,522 23,954,525 20,787,755 20,787,755 20,787,755 20,787,755 20,787,755 20,787,755 20,787,755 20,787,7438 20,78	16.	DEFERRED LIABILITIES			Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
The deferred taxation comprises of:		Deferred taxation			16.1	196,146,521	213,690,769
Taxable temporary differences on: Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment 126,774,438 110,791,522 126,774,438 110,791,522 126,774,438 110,791,522 126,774,438 110,791,522 126,774,438 110,791,522 126,774,438 110,791,522 126,774,438 110,791,522 126,774,438 110,791,522 126,774,438 110,791,523 126,000,000,000 126,000,000		Staff retirement benefits - gratuity			16.2		
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment 110,791,522 126,774,438 39,977,251 31,30,507						220,101,043	234,478,019
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment 110,791,522 126,774,438 200,768,773 218,084,945 200,768,773 218,084,945 200,768,773 218,084,945 200,768,773 218,084,945 200,768,773 218,084,945 200,768,773 218,084,945 200,768,773 218,084,945 200,768,773 218,084,945 200,768,773 218,084,945 200,768,773 218,084,945 200,768,773 218,084,945 200,768,773 218,084,945 200,768,773 218,084,945 200,769,773 218,084,945 200,769,769 200,769,773 218,084,945 200,769,769 200,769,769 200,769,773 218,084,945 200,769,769 200,769,773 218,084,945 200,769,769 200,769,773 218,084,945 200,769 200,769,773 218,084,945 200,769,769 200,769,773 218,084,945 200,769,769 200,769,773 218,084,945 200,769,769 200,769,773 200,769,773 218,084,945 200,769,769 200,769,773 20	16.1	The deferred taxation comprises of:					
Accelerated tax depreciation on property, plant and equipment 200,768,773 218,084,945							
Deductible temporary differences on: Provision for staff retirement benefits - gratuity (4,300,097) (4,044,962) (322,155) (349,214) (322,155) (349,214) (322,155) (349,214) (322,155) (349,214) (322,155) (349,214) (322,155) (349,214) (322,155) (349,214) (322,155) (349,214) (322,155) (349,214) (322,155) (349,214) (322,155) (349,214) (322,155) (349,214) (322,155) (349,214) (322,155) (349,214) (322,155) (349,214) (322,155) (349,214) (322,155) (349,214) (349				ant			
Provision for staff retirement benefits - gratuity		Accelerated tax depreciation on property,	plant and equipme	ant.			
Provision for doubtful receivables Salance as at July 01, 2016 Salance as at July 01, 2016 Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment 126,774,438 (4,044,962) 127,059 (322,155) (349,214) 196,146,521 (2,679,82) (1,0791,522 (2,454,084) 196,146,521 (2,6774,438 (2,619,828) (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (3,6774,438 (4,300,097) (4,300,097) (4,300,097) (4,044,962) (4,044,9		Deductible temporary differences on:				200,700,773	210,004,545
Balance as at Recognized in SOCI profit and loss lune 30, 2017		_	atuity				
Balance as at July 01, 2016 Recognized in equity Recognized in solid in equity In SOCI Profit and loss June 30, 2017		Provision for doubtful receivables					
Movement for the year ended June 30, 2017 Deferred tax credits Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment 126,774,438 (9,823,134) - (6,159,782) 110,791,522 110,791,522 125,432 (4,300,097)						196,146,521	213,690,769
## Rupees Rupees			Balance as at	Recognized	Recognized	Recognized in	Balance as at
Movement for the year ended June 30, 2017 Deferred tax credits Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment 126,774,438 (9,823,134) - (6,159,782) 110,791,522 Accelerated tax depreciation 91,310,507 - (380,567) 125,432 (4,300,097) Deferred tax debits Provision for gratuity (4,044,962) - (380,567) 125,432 (4,300,097) Provision against doubtful receivables (349,214) - 27,059 (322,155) June 30, 2017 213,690,769 (9,823,134) (380,567) (7,340,547) 196,146,521 Movement for the year ended June 30, 2016 Balance as at July 01, 2015 Recognized in enuity Balance as at July 01, 2015 Balance as at July 01, 2015 Recognized in least or profit and loss June 30, 2016 Deferred tax credits Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment 136,315,557 (2,454,084) - (7,087,035) 126,774,438 Accelerated tax depreciation 79,114,799 - 12,195,708 91,310,507 Deferred tax debits Provision for gratuity - restated (2,619,828) - 68,087 (1,493,221) (4,044,962) </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>July 01, 2016</th> <th>in equity</th> <th></th> <th>profit and loss</th> <th>June 30, 2017</th>			July 01, 2016	in equity		profit and loss	June 30, 2017
Accelerated tax depreciation 91,310,507 (1,333,256) 89,977,251 Deferred tax debits Provision for gratuity (4,044,962) - (380,567) 125,432 (4,300,097)		ended June 30, 2017 Deferred tax credits Surplus on revaluation of	126 774 420	(0.000.404)	·	(6.450.702)	440 704 500
Deferred tax debits				(9,823,134)	-		
Provision for gratuity (4,044,962) - (380,567) 125,432 (4,300,097) Provision against doubtful receivables (349,214) 27,059 (322,155) June 30, 2017 213,690,769 (9,823,134) (380,567) (7,340,547) 196,146,521 Balance as at July 01, 2015 Recognized in eauity in SOCI profit and loss June 30, 2016		·	91,310,507	-	-	(1,333,256)	89,977,251
Accelerated tax depreciation Topic tax debits Topic tax debits Provision against Construction Topic tax debits Provision against Construction Constructio		-	(4,044,962)	-	(380,567)	125,432	(4,300,097)
Balance as at July 01, 2015 Recognized in Profit and loss June 30, 2016 June 30, 2016		_	(349,214)	-	-	27,059	(322,155)
July 01, 2015 in equity in SOCI profit and loss June 30, 2016		June 30, 2017	213,690,769	(9,823,134)	(380,567)	(7,340,547)	196,146,521
July 01, 2015 in equity in SOCI profit and loss June 30, 2016							
Movement for the year ended June 30, 2016 Deferred tax credits Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment 136,315,557 (2,454,084) - (7,087,035) 126,774,438 Accelerated tax depreciation 79,114,799 - 12,195,708 91,310,507 Deferred tax debits Provision for gratuity - restated (2,619,828) - 68,087 (1,493,221) (4,044,962) Provision against (355,616) 6,402 (349,214) doubtful receivables				_	_	-	
ended June 30, 2016 Deferred tax credits Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment 136,315,557 (2,454,084) - (7,087,035) 126,774,438 Accelerated tax depreciation 79,114,799 12,195,708 91,310,507 Deferred tax debits Provision for gratuity - restated (2,619,828) - 68,087 (1,493,221) (4,044,962) Provision against doubtful receivables (355,616) 6,402 (349,214)							-
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment 136,315,557 (2,454,084) - (7,087,035) 126,774,438 Accelerated tax depreciation 79,114,799 - 12,195,708 91,310,507 **Deferred tax debits** Provision for gratuity - restated (2,619,828) - 68,087 (1,493,221) (4,044,962) Provision against (355,616) 6,402 (349,214) doubtful receivables							
Accelerated tax depreciation 79,114,799 12,195,708 91,310,507 **Deferred tax debits** Provision for gratuity - restated (2,619,828) - 68,087 (1,493,221) (4,044,962) Provision against (355,616) 6,402 (349,214) doubtful receivables		Surplus on revaluation of	136,315,557	(2,454,084)	_	(7,087,035)	126,774,438
Deferred tax debits Provision for gratuity - restated (2,619,828) - 68,087 (1,493,221) (4,044,962) Provision against doubtful receivables (355,616) - - 6,402 (349,214)				-	-		
Provision against (355,616) 6,402 (349,214) doubtful receivables		•	·			•	-
doubtful receivables		Provision for gratuity - restated	(2,619,828)	-	68,087	(1,493,221)	(4,044,962)
June 30, 2016 212,454,912 (2,454,084) 68,087 3,621,854 213,690,769		•	(355,616)	-	-	6,402	(349,214)
		June 30, 2016	212,454,912	(2,454,084)	68,087	3,621,854	213,690,769



		Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
16.2	Staff retirement benefits - gratuity			
	Liability recognized in the balance sheet			
	Present value of defined benefit obligation	=	23,954,522	20,787,250
	Movement in liability for defined benefit obligation			
	Opening balance		20,787,250	13,221,037
	Charge for the year		15,925,508	14,734,213
	Actuarial gain / (loss)		2,120,022	(349,900)
	Benefits paid during the year	<u>_</u>	(14,878,258)	(6,818,100)
	Provision for gratuity	=	23,954,522	20,787,250
	Change in present value of defined benefit obligation			
	Opening defined benefit obligation		20,787,250	13,221,037
	Current service cost for the year		14,957,769	13,802,074
	Interest cost for the year		967,739	932,139
	Benefits paid during the year		(14,878,258)	(6,818,100)
	Remeasurement of plan obligation	_	2,120,022	(349,900)
		=	23,954,522	20,787,250
	Charge for the year			
	Current service cost		14,957,769	13,802,074
	Interest cost		967,739	932,139
		=	15,925,508	14,734,213
	Charge for the year has been allocated as follows:			
	Cost of goods sold	22.2	14,894,231	13,829,598
	Administrative expenses	25.1	1,031,277	904,615
		=	15,925,508	14,734,213
	Total remeasurements chargeable to other comprehensive incom	пе		
	Remeasurement of plan obligation:			
	Experience adjustments	=	2,120,022	(349,900)
	Maturity Profile			
	Average duration of liability		10 Years	8 Years
	Expected contribution for the next year			

The expected contribution to the gratuity scheme for the next year works out to Rs. 21.60 million.



Sensitivity analysis as at June 30, 2017

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined obligation are discount rate and expected rate of salary increase. The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant:

- If the discount rate is 100 basis points higher / (lower), the defined benefit obligation would decrease by Rs. 2,691,208 / (increase by Rs. 3,325,482).
- If the expected rate of salary increases / (decreases) by 100 basis points, the defined benefit obligation would increase by Rs. 3,325,482 / (decrease by Rs. 2,736,985).

Furthermore in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation recognized in the balance sheet.

Note 17. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
17. TRADE AIND OTHER PATABLES		
Creditors	85,638,419	102,659,771
Advance from customers	3,647,459	2,763,475
Accrued liabilities	89,879,754	64,805,862
Withholding tax payable	2,213,421	5,840,197
Unclaimed dividend	5,084,726	5,088,673
Workers' profit participation fund 17.1	2,358,496	3,032
Workers' welfare fund 23.1	6,002,600	15,779,115
Others	624,720	1,447,235
	195,449,595	198,387,360
17.1 Workers' profit participation fund		
Opening balance	3,032	3,032
Interest on funds utilized	-	-
	3,032	3,032
Paid during the year	<u> </u>	
	3,032	3,032
Allocation for the year	2,355,464	-
	2,358,496	3,032
18. ACCRUED MARKUP		
Accrued mark-up on:		
- Long term financing	2,118,624	2,829,202
- Short term borrowings	20,657,859	22,776,993
	22,776,483	25,606,195



19.	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS Secured - under markup arrangements	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	Running finance	19.1	629,046,690	652,865,507
	Cash finance	19.2	390,933,712	496,261,199
	Murabaha finance	19.3	108,023,068	33,466,642
			1,128,003,470	1,182,593,348

19.1 These running finance facilities have been obtained from various Banks for working capital requirements, and are secured against personal guarantee of directors and joint pari passu charge over current assets of the Company.

Running finance facilities carry mark up at the rates ranging from 6.79% to 7.77% per annum (2016: 2.25% to 10.91% per annum).

19.2 These facilities have been obtained from various Banks for working capital requirements, and are secured against pledge of cotton bales, MM fiber, and yarn in lock and key under bank's muccaddum.

Cash finance facilities carry mark up at the rates ranging from 6.92% to 7.29% per annum (2016: 6.85% to 8.49% per annum).

19.3 This facility has been obtained from Bank for working capital requirements, and are secured against joint pari passu charge over present and future current assets of the Company and personal guarantee of directors of the Company. This facility carries profit at the rate of respective KIBOR + 1.15% per annum (2016: KIBOR+1.15%).

These facilities are expiring on various dates by March 31, 2018.

19.4 Short term borrowings are available from various commercial banks under mark-up arrangements aggregating to Rs. 2,900 million (2016: Rs. 2,870 million) of which facilities remained un-utilized at the year end amounted to Rs. 1,771 million (2016: 1,687). Facilities available for opening letters of credit and guarantee aggregate to Rs. 130 million (2016: Rs. 330 million) of which facilities remained un-utilized at the year end were Rs. 111.8 million (2016: Rs. 323.94 million).

20. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Contingencies

- 20.1 The Company during the year ended September 30, 1999, filed a writ petition with the Lahore High Court Multan Bench against the Chairman, Administrator Town Committee Muzaffargarh praying that the respondent be ordered to implement the orders of the Lahore High Court regarding the refund of the Zila Tax collected from the petitioner to the tune of Rs. 0.886 million. In this respect an amount of Rs. 0.161 million has been received against Zila Tax. The refund of the balance amount of Rs. 0.725 million is still pending.
- 20.2 The Company has imported textile machinery availing exemption from custom duty and sales tax on importation thereof under S.R.Os 554(1)/98, 987(1)/99 and 369(1)/2000. The Company has submitted indemnity bonds to the Customs Authorities in this regard. In case the conditions of aforementioned S.R.Os are violated, the amount of customs duty and sales tax exempted aggregating Rs. 65.283 million shall be recoverable by the Customs Authorities along with such penalties imposed in this regard under Section 202 of the Customs Act, 1969.



Commitments

20.3 Commitments outstanding at the end of the year in respect of irrevocable letter of credit is Rs. Nil (2016: Rs. 21.40 million) and letter of guarantees is Rs. 7.43 million (2016: Rs. 6.50 million).

21.	SALES - NET	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	Local			
	Yarn		2,985,812,366	2,773,621,286
	Waste		37,201,663	45,197,866
	Doubling process income		80,750	2,019,000
			3,023,094,779	2,820,838,152
	Export			
	Yarn		1,804,975,415	1,541,853,206
	Export Rebate	21.1	35,068,574	-
			4,863,138,768	4,362,691,358
	Less: sales tax		-	(82,101,529)
			4,863,138,768	4,280,589,829
21.1	The export rebate amounting Rs. 35 million has been recorded unissued on January 23, 2017	der the "	Duty Drawback of Ta	xes Order 2016-17

issued on January 23, 2017.

22. **COST OF GOODS SOLD**

Raw materials consumed	22.1	3,261,468,830	2,973,681,899
Salaries, wages and benefits	22.2	337,938,004	323,222,975
Stores consumed		42,461,353	40,100,487
Packing materials consumed		77,803,948	80,079,520
Power and fuel		588,415,307	597,461,770
Repair and maintenance		8,394,233	8,508,898
Insurance		10,488,695	10,414,248
Depreciation	5.2	86,806,317	85,712,645
Others		22,150	18,850
		4,413,798,837	4,119,201,292
Work-in-process			
Opening stock		49,062,672	39,556,000
Closing stock		(40,217,892)	(49,062,672)
		8,844,780	(9,506,672)
Cost of goods manufactured		4,422,643,617	4,109,694,620
Finished goods			
Opening stock		289,384,807	200,151,859
Purchases and purchase expenses		42,425,500	32,850,920
Closing stock		(223,196,156)	(289,384,807)
		108,614,151	(56,382,028)
		4,531,257,768	4,053,312,592



Raw materials consumed	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Opening stock		449,003,590	333,329,334
Purchases and purchase expenses	_	3,219,808,176	3,086,770,798
	· -	3,668,811,766	3,420,100,132
Closing stock	_	(410,825,120)	(449,003,590)
	_	3,257,986,646	2,971,096,542
Cotton cess	· -	3,482,184	2,585,357
	=	3,261,468,830	2,973,681,899
	Opening stock Purchases and purchase expenses Closing stock	Raw materials consumed Opening stock Purchases and purchase expenses Closing stock	Raw materials consumed Note Rupees Opening stock 449,003,590 Purchases and purchase expenses 3,219,808,176 Closing stock (410,825,120) Cotton cess 3,482,184

22.2 These include Rs. 14.89 million (2016: Rs. 13.83 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

			2017	2016
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
23.	OTHER INCOME			
	Income from financial assets			
	Exchange gain		6,263,519	5,446,821
	Income from assets other than financial assets	_		
	Miscellaneous income		1,335,189	458,360
	Insurance claim		644,656	1,656,980
	Bad debt recovery		331,988	-
	Reversal of WWF	23.1	10,671,591	-
			12,983,424	2,115,340
		_	19,246,943	7,562,161

23.1 Through Finance Act, 2008 an amendment was made in section 4(5) of the Workers Welfare Fund Ordinance 1971 (WWF Ordinance), whereby WWF liability was made applicable at 2% of the higher of the profit before taxation as per the accounts or declared income as per the return. In the year 2011, the Lahore High Court struck down the aforementioned amendments to the WWF Ordinance. However Sindh High Court through its order dated March 1, 2013 held that amendments made in WWF Ordinance through Finance Act, 2008 were constitutional.

During the year the Supreme Court has upheld the decision of Lahore High Court and declared the changes made in WWF Ordinance through Finance Act 2008 as ultra vires and void ab initio. The amount includes provision for the year on the basis of tax profit and reversal of excess provisioning made on the basis of accounting profit from year 2011 till 2015.

			2017	2016
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
24.	DISTRIBUTION COST			
	Export expenses (including freight on export sales)		32,859,007	27,466,439
	Commission		31,539,061	27,230,599
	Export development surcharge		4,552,564	2,601,272
	Freight, forwarding and others		8,171,397	9,452,722
		_ _	77,122,029	66,751,032



		Note	2017	2016
25.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	Note	Rupees	Rupees
23.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXICENSES			
	Directors' meeting fee		60,000	90,000
	Salaries and benefits	25.1	67,849,168	58,651,551
	Vehicles running and maintenance		7,608,145	7,220,388
	Traveling and conveyance		8,596,315	14,204,216
	Printing and stationery		715,439	960,322
	Communication		3,070,611	2,907,486
	Electricity and gas		3,948,108	3,021,592
	Rent, rates and taxes		306,500	296,007
	Repairs and maintenance		2,977,356	2,490,364
	Entertainment		905,137	1,136,478
	Subscription		931,564	2,461,465
	Insurance		1,347,937	1,091,806
	Donation	25.2	491,400	1,711,500
	Advertisement		-	67,850
	Depreciation	5.2	3,667,358	4,288,420
	Auditors' remuneration	25.3	650,000	650,000
	Legal and professional		522,040	893,796
	Others		581,349	930,740
		_	104,228,427	103,073,981
25.1	These include Rs. 1.034 million (2016: Rs. 0.904 million) in respec	= t of staff retire	ement benefits.	
25.2				
25.2	None of the directors or their spouses had any interest in the don	ee's tuna.	2017	2016
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
25.3	Auditors' remuneration	74010	пиреез	пиреез
	Statutory audit fee		500,000	500,000
	Half yearly review		150,000	150,000
		_	650,000	650,000
		=		
26.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Worker's welfare fund		898,176	-
	Worker's profit participation fund		2,355,464	-
		_	3,253,640	-
27	FINANCE COST	=		
27.	FINANCE COST			
	Mark up on:			
	Long term financing		9,343,572	10,262,782
	Short term borrowings	_	82,408,849	76,819,258
			91,752,421	87,082,040
	Unwinding of discount on long term loans from related parties	15	5,636,363	5,123,967
	Bank charges	_	5,839,479	4,151,618
		=	103,228,263	96,357,625
		_	 -	



IVIA	about textile wills Ellilited			MAQBOOL
		Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
<i>28.</i>	TAXATION			
	Current			
	Current taxation		48,313,640	42,805,898
	Tax credit u/s 65B		(3,957,465)	(15,805,104)
		_	44,356,175	27,000,794
	Deferred		(7,340,547)	3,621,854
	Prior year adjustment		32,938	(1,598,152)
		_	37,048,566	29,024,496
28.1	Tax charge reconciliation			
	Applicable tax rate	_	31%	32%
	Profit/(Loss) before tax	_	63,295,584	(31,343,240)
	Tax on accounting profit before tax		19,621,631	(10,029,837)
	Effect of NTR		17,044,998	27,954,347
	Effect of FTR		11,647,011	24,881,388
	Effect of Deferred Tax		(7,340,547)	3,621,854
	Tax credit u/s 65B		(3,957,465)	(15,805,105)
	Prior year tax adjustment		32,938	(1,598,152)
	Current year provision	_	37,048,566	29,024,496
		_		

28.2 The Company, in view of the Supreme Court of Pakistan's Judgment dated June 04, 1997 is not liable to pay minimum tax under section 80-D of the repealed Income Tax Ordinance, 1979. Consequently, Minimum Tax paid under protest and tax deducted at source till September 30, 1999 were accounted for as recoverable under loans and advances, as disclosed in note 9.

29. EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Company which is based on:

		2017	2016
Profit/(Loss) for the year	Rupees	26,247,018	(60,367,736)
Weighted average number of shares	Number	16,800,000	16,800,000
Earnigns per share - basic and diluted	Rupees	1.56	(3.59)



30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

30.1 The Company is exposed to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, other price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Companys overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance.

The Companys activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

30.2 Credit risk and concentration of credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties fail completely to perform as contracted. Out of the total financial assets of Rs. 546.541 million (2016: Rs. 483.380 million), the Company manages credit risk in trade debts by assigning credit limits to its customers and thereby does not have significant exposure to any individual customer.

Credit risk of the Company arises principally from the trade debts, loans and advances and bank balances. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	2017	2016
	Rupees	Rupees
Financial assets as per balance sheet		
Deposits	5,668,939	5,668,939
Trade debts	268,592,414	320,373,785
Loans and advances	26,391,443	10,703,053
Bank balances	30,802,052	10,531,570
	331,454,848	347,277,347

30.2.1 Credit risk related to Trade debts

The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Companys exposure is continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by the management annually.

Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable. The Company does not have any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The Company defines counterparties as having similar characteristics if they are related entities.

30.3 Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of directors, which has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Companys short, medium and long term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. Note 29.3.3 below sets out details of additional undrawn facilities that the Company has at its disposal to further reduce liquidity risk.



30.3.1 Liquidity and interest risk table

The following tables detail the Companys remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting period. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the Company may be required to pay.

	Weighted average effective rate of interest	1 - 3 months	3 months - 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
	(%) _		Rupees			
Financial liabilities						
Interest bearing						
Long term finance	5 - 14.41	-	68,531,926	145,187,000	-	213,718,926
Short term borrowings	3.85 - 14.3	-	1,128,003,470	-	-	1,128,003,470
Non interest bearing						
Trade and other payables		-	183,441,040	-	-	183,441,040
Accrued mark up		22,776,483	-	-	-	22,776,483
June 30, 2017	-	22,776,483	1,379,976,436	145,187,000	-	1,547,939,919
Financial liabilities						
Interest bearing						
Long term finance	5.74 - 12.14	-	70,530,090	179,922,306	-	250,452,396
Short term borrowings	1.88 - 10.04	-	1,182,593,348	-	-	1,182,593,348
Non interest bearing						
Trade and other payables		-	179,841,738	-	-	179,841,738
Accrued mark up		25,606,195	-	-	-	25,606,195
June 30, 2016	<u>-</u>	25,606,195	1,432,965,176	179,922,306	-	1,638,493,677



30.3.2 The following table details the Companys expected maturity for its non-derivative financial assets. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets including interest that will be earned on those assets. The inclusion of information on non-derivative financial assets is necessary in order to understand the Companys liquidity risk management as the liquidity is managed on a net asset and liability basis.

	Less than 1 month	1 - 3 months	3 months - 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Tota l
			Ru	ıpees		
Financial Assets						
Non interest bearing						
Deposits	-	-	-	5,668,939	-	5,668,939
Trade debts	-	268,592,414	-	-	-	268,592,414
Loans and advances	-	25,543,422	-	-	-	25,543,422
June 30, 2017		294,135,836	-	5,668,939	-	299,804,775
Financial Assets						
Non interest bearing						
Deposits	-	-	-	5,668,939	-	5,668,939
Trade debts	-	320,373,785	-	-	-	320,373,785
Loans and advances	-	19,235,500	-	-	-	19,235,500
June 30, 2016		339,609,285	-	5,668,939	-	345,278,224

30.3.3 Financing facilities

Secured bank loan facilities with various maturity dates through to 2017 and which may be extended by mutual agreement:

	2017	2016	
	Rupees	Rupees	
- amount used	1,341,722,396	1,433,045,744	
- amount un-used	1,741,996,530	1,888,364,656	

30.4 Market risk management

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimizing returns.

30.4.1 Interest rate risk management

Interest / mark-up rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest / mark-up rates will affect the value of financial instruments. The Company has significant amount of interest based financial assets and financial liabilities which are largely based on variable interest / mark-up rates, therefore the Company has to manage the related finance cost which exposes it to the risk of 1 month, 3 months and 6 months KIBOR.



30.4.2 The exposure of the Companys borrowings to interest rate changes and the contractual repricing dates at the balance sheet date are as follows:

	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
- Short term borrowings	1,128,003,470	1,182,593,348
- Long term loans	213,718,926_	44,401,300
	1,341,722,396	1,226,994,648
		

Borrowing that are not exposed to interest rate changes and contractual reprising amount to:

- Long term financing	53,333,336	90,000,052
- Long term loans from related parties	56,363,637	62,000,000
	109,696,973	152,000,052

30.4.3 Interest rate sensitivity

If interest rates had been 100 basis points lower / higher and all other variables were held constant, the Companys profit for the year would have been lower / higher by Rs. 13.87 million (2016: Rs. 12.70 million). This is mainly attributable to the Companys exposure to interest rates on its variable rate borrowings.

30.5 Foreign exchange risk management

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions with foreign undertakings and balances held in foreign currency. However currently, the Company's foreign exchange risk exposure is restricted to amounts receivable from foreign entities. As at June 30, 2017, the total foreign currency risk exposure was Rs. 106.16 million (2016: Rs. 104.67 million) in respect of trade debts only.

30.6 Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

At June 30, 2017, if the Rupee had weakened / strengthened by 10% against the US Dollar with all other variables held constant, profit for the year would have been higher / lower by Rs. 10.61 million (2016: Rs. 10.47 million), mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses / gains on translation of foreign currency trade debts.

30.7 Determination of fair values

Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.



Fair value estimation

IFRS 13 requires fair value measurement disclosures using following three level fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in measured fair value of financial instruments.

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. drive from prices).
- Level 3 Inputs for asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

30.8 Financial instruments by category

The accounting policies for financial instruments have been applied for line items below:

	2017	2016
	Rupees	Rupees
Financial assets as per balance sheet		
Deposits	5,668,939	5,668,939
Trade debts	268,592,414	320,373,785
Loans and advances	25,543,422	19,235,500
Cash and bank balances	32,176,107	17,845,776
	331,980,882	363,124,000
Financial liabilities as per balance sheet		
Long term financing	145,187,000	179,922,306
Long term loans from related parties	46,581,518	56,363,637
Short term borrowings	1,128,003,470	1,182,593,348
Accrued mark up	22,776,483	25,606,195
Trade and other payables	184,875,078	176,765,016
	1,527,423,549	1,621,250,502

31. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Boards policy is to maintain an efficient capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain the future development of its business. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital employed, which the Company defines as operating income divided by total capital employed. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

i) to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and



ii) to provide an adequate return to shareholders.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-equity ratio - calculated as a ratio of total debt to equity.

The debt-to-equity ratios as at 30 June were as follows:

	2017	2016
	Rupees	Rupees
Total debt	1,388,303,914	1,489,409,381
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(32,176,107)	(17,845,776)
Net debt	1,356,127,807	1,471,563,605
Total equity	1,235,843,256	1,186,094,076
Adjusted capital	2,591,971,063	2,657,657,681
Debt-to-adjusted capital ratio	52%	55%

The decrease in the debt-to-equity ratio in 2017 resulted primarily due to decrease in both short term and long term debts of the Company.

Neither there were any changes in the Companys approach to capital management during the year nor the Company is subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

32. REMUNERATION TO CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND DIRECTOR

	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives
Particulars		June 30, 2017			June 30, 2016	
Managerial remuneration	3,600,000	2,400,000	3,805,000	3,600,000	2,400,000	3,450,700
Utilities	507,970	453,810	-	498,250	437,780	-
	4,107,970	2,853,810	3,805,000	4,098,250	2,837,780	3,450,700
Number of persons	1	1	3	1	1	3

- 32.1. Chief Executive Officer and executive Directors are provided with Company maintained cars and utilities at residence.
- **32.2** Meeting fee amounting to Rs. 60,000 (2016: Rs.90,000) was paid to non-executive directors of the Company during the year.

33. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

33.1 Related parties comprise of associated undertakings and key management personnel. The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Amounts due to associated undertakings are shown under-long term loans from related parties, as disclosed in note 15. Remuneration of key management personnel is disclosed in note 31. There are no other significant transactions with related parties.



34. PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION

		2017	2016
Spinning Unit-1			
Spindles installed and worked	No.	18,672	18,672
Shift worked	No.	1,022	1,021
Standard production after conversion into 20's count	Kgs	6,398,891	6,398,891
Actual production of yarn after conversion into 20's count	Kgs	5,186,155	5,180,435
Spinning Unit-II			
Spindles installed and worked	No.	27,864	27,864
Shift worked	No.	1,007	1,002
Standard production after conversion into 40's PC count	Kgs	4,784,702	4,784,702
Actual production of yarn after conversion into 40's PC count	Kgs	4,185,296	4,166,657
Spinning Unit-III			
Spindles installed and worked	No.	23,904	23,904
Shift worked	No.	891	899
Standard production after conversion into 20's count	Kgs	7,018,741	7,018,741
Actual production of yarn after conversion into 20's count	Kgs	5,510,786	5,050,455

It is difficult to describe precisely the production capacity in spinning mills since it fluctuates widely depending on various factors, such as count of yarn spun, spindles speed, twist and raw materials used. It also varies according to the pattern of production adopted in a particular year.

35. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The total / average number of employees for the year ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 respectively were as follows:

	2017	2016
	Num	iber
Total number of employees as at June 30,	1,514	1,519
Average number of employees during the year	1,539	1,531

36. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved and authorized for issue on 04.10.2017 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

37. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded-off to the nearest rupee except stated otherwise.



THE COMPANIES ORIDNANCE 1984 (Section 236(1) and 464) PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

Incorporation Number 0020652 1.

2. Name of the Company **Maqbool Textile Mills Limited**

Pattern of holding the share held by the shareholders as at 30.06.2017 3.

%age	Totoal Number of Share Held	Shareholding To	Shareholding From	NO OF HOLDERS
0.02	3,090	100	1	76
0.84	141,814	500	101	303
0.65	108,646	1,000	501	111
1.36	228,232	5,000	1,001	79
0.96	161,345	10,000	5,001	21
0.51	86,500	15,000	10,001	7
0.54	90,000	20,000	15,001	5
0.41	69,000	25,000	20,001	3
0.17	28,600	30,000	25,001	1
0.21	35,000	35,000	30,001	1
0.24	39,500	40,000	35,001	1
0.24	41,000	45,000	40,001	1
1.17	196,100	50,000	45,001	4
1.40	234,500	80,000	75,001	3
0.96	161,000	85,000	80,001	2
0.54	90,000	90,000	85,001	1
0.68	113,500	115,000	110,001	1
0.84	141,000	145,000	140,001	1
0.91	152,321	155,000	150,001	1
2.01	338,000	170,000	165,001	2
2.10	353,000	180,000	175,001	2
1.08	182,000	185,000	180,001	1
2.49	419,000	210,000	205,001	2
1.56	262,000	265,000	260,001	1
2.24	376,500	380,000	375,001	1
16.76	2,815,743	705,000	700,001	4
13.86	2,328,915	780,000	775,001	3
8.72	1,465,121	1,470,000	1,465,001	1
8.79	1,476,921	1,480,000	1,475,001	1
17.83	2,995,563	1,500,000	1,495,001	2
9.92	1,666,089	1,670,000	1,665,001	1
100	16,800,000		16,800,000	643



Category wise Pattern of Total Shareholding As on June 30, 2017

Categories of Shareholders	No. of Shareholders	No. of Shares	%age	
1 Joint Stock Companies	6	647,501	3.85	
2 Investment Companies	1	1,500	0.01	
3 Individuals	624	13,730,808	81.73	
4 Financial Institutions	1	936	0.01	
5 Mutual Funds	1	1,666,089	9.92	
6 Funds	10	753,166	4.48	
	643	16,800,000	100	



PATREN OF SHAREHOLDING AS ON JUNE 30, 2017

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

	Number of	Number of
Shareholder's Category	Shareholder	Share held
Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties		Nill
NIT		
National Bank of Pakistan- Trustee Department	1	1,666,089
Directors		
Mian Tanvir Ahamad Sheikh	1	1,465,121
Mian Anis Ahamad Sheikh	1	1,497,781
Mian Idrees Ahamad Sheikh	1	1,476,981
Mian Aziz Ahamad Sheikh	1	1,497,782
Mian Atta Shafi Tanvir Sheikh	1	177,000
Maj. (R) Javed Mussarat	1	2,500
Mr. Raza Abbas Jaffery (Rep NIT)	1	16,666,089
Chief Executive Officers		
Mian Anis Ahamad Sheikh	1	1,497,781
Directors'/ CEO's Spouses	19	9,901,948
Executives		Nill
Shareholders Holding 5% or more voting interest		
Mian Tanvir Ahamad Sheikh - Chairman	1	1,465,121
Mian Anis Ahamad Sheikh - Chief Executive Officer	1	1,497,781
Mian Idrees Ahamad Sheikh - Director	1	1,476,981
Mian Aziz Ahamad Sheikh - Director	1	1,497,782
Syed Raza Abbas Jafari (Rep NIT)	1	1,666,089
General Public	679	14,247,808



Category wise Detail of Shareholding As on June 30, 2016

Sr. #	Folio No.	Name	Shares Held	Percentage
Joint Stock C	os.			
1	CDC-173	MAPLE LEAF CAPITAL LIMITED	1	-
2	CDC-233	TIME SECURITIES (PVT.) LTD.	3,000	0.0179
3	CDC-316	FIKREE'S (SMC-PVT) LTD.	5,500	0.0327
4	CDC-245	NCC - PRE SETTLEMENT DELIVERY ACCOUNT	500	0.0030
5	CDC-155	TREET CORPORATION LIMITED.	376,500	2.2411
6	CDC-5	TREET CORPORATION LIMITED.	262,000	1.5595
			647,501	3.8542
Investment	<u>-</u>			
<u>Companies</u>				
1	7170	NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPORATION (INVESTER)	1,500	0.0089
			1,500	0.0089
<u>Individual</u>				
			13,730,808	81.7310
<u>Financial</u>				
<u>Institution</u>				
1	CDC-176	NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN	936	0.0056
			936	0.0056
<u>Mutual</u> <u>Funds</u>				
1	CDC-319	CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST	1,666,089 1,666,089	9.9172 9.9172
<u>Funds</u>				
1	CDC-156	TRUSTEES TREET CORP LTD EMP PROVIDENT FD	90,000	0.5357
2	CDC-8	TRUSTEE - TREET CROPORATION LIMITED G.E. GRATUITY	39,500	0.2351
3	CDC-158	TRUSTEES TRE CORP ITD SUPERANNUATION FD	113,500	
4	CDC-131	TRUSTEE NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN EMP BENEVOLENT FUND	5,345	0.0318
		TRUST		
5	CDC-6 CDC-157	TRUSTEES-TREET CORP. LTD. E.SUPERANNVAT FUND TRUSTEES TREET CORP LTD EMP GRATUTY FUND	500 50,000	0.0030
6		TRUSTEES TREET CORPORATION LTD GROUP EMPLOYEES SEVICE	50,000	0.2976
7	CDC-164	FUND	80,500	0.4792
8	CDC-123	TRUSTEES NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN EMPLOYEES PENSION FUND	152,321	0.9067
9	CDC-7	TRUSTEE- TREET COR. LTD EMP. PROVIDENT FUND	141,000	0.8393
10	CDC-9	TRUSTEE- TREET CORPORATION LTD. GROUP EMPLOYEES SEVICE FUND	80,500	0.4792
			753,166	4.4831
		Grand Total	16,800,000	100.0000
		Grafiu lotai	10,000,000	100.0000



FORM OF PROXY

I,
of
being a member of MAQBOOL TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED, hereby appoint.
of
as my proxy in my absence to attend and vote for me and on my behalf at the
(Ordinary or / and Extraordinary as the case may be) General Meeting of the
Company to be held on the and at any
adjournment thereof
As witness my hand this
day of 2017
Signed by the said

Five Rupees Revenue Stamp

IMPORTANT

This form of proxy, duly completed, must be deposited at the Company's Head Office 2-Industrial Estate, Multan not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting (Article 76).